



**RIPE NCC**  
RIPE NETWORK COORDINATION CENTRE

# RIPE NCC Update

The Path Ahead: Risks and Opportunities

Hans Petter Holen | 26 January 2021 | Roundtable Meeting for Governments

# A Different World



- The pandemic has had a significant impact on how we work
  - All Internet governance meetings either cancelled or virtual (including our own)
  - RIPE NCC offices have been closed since mid-March; staff working from home
- No noticeable impact on our services
  - Only major change was cancelling all face-to-face training courses
- Organised two successful virtual RIPE Meetings
  - A number of smaller regional events were also moved online successfully
  - Expanded existing and invented some new forms of online engagement
  - This is our third fully virtual government-focussed event

# Business As Usual



- Around 24,000 Local Internet Registry accounts by end of 2020
  - Expecting a small decrease to 23,000 by the end of 2021
  - Growth has slowed after the IPv4 run-out and we expect some consolidation via mergers / resource transfers
- Solid financial basis going forward
  - Fees to remain stable at € 1,400 per LIR account
  - Expected income of € 38.5 million (+3%)
  - Budgeted for € 33.5 million on expenses (-3%)
  - Surplus returned to members or added to reserves
  - FTE count growing from 165 to 170 (+3%)

# Registry Operations in 2020



- Made 9,242 address resource allocations (IPv6, IPv4 and ASNs)
  - Recovered IPv4 address space is distributed via the waiting list (small blocks of 256 addresses only)
- Processed 4,254 IP address transfers (-10%)
  - Number of transactions spiked end of year
  - Number of IP addresses that are transferred remains stable
  - Inter-RIR transfers now also possible with LACNIC (Latin American region)

# Governance Changes



- Welcomed Raymond Jetten (Finland) to the Executive Board
- The membership agreed to changes in our bylaws
  - Minor housekeeping due to changes in Dutch civil code
  - Implemented a change suggested by a membership task force, strengthening the board election process:

*“...the nominee shall need to submit (a) a certified copy of his/her official identification document and (b) a signed statement in which he/she declares that he/she shall adhere to the Code of Conduct for candidates for the Executive Board as adopted by the Executive Board and published on the Association’s website, and that he/she has never committed any fraud or other financial misconduct in any jurisdiction.”*



# **Noteworthy Changes and Events**

# Country Information in the RIPE Database



- The RIPE community agreed to publish the country in which a member is **legally** registered
  - This is now publicly visible via the RIPE Database Whois service
  - Adds clarification and makes it easier to determine the appropriate jurisdiction
  - Any changes to this field must be approved by the RIPE NCC and supported by documentation
- This is a new field; there are no changes to the existing data
  - IP addresses can still be used in countries other than where the member is based
  - Change is applied to the **organisation** objects only - country attributes in IP and ASN objects reflect the needs of network operators

[https://labs.ripe.net/Members/stefania\\_fokaeos/our-plan-to-fix-country-codes](https://labs.ripe.net/Members/stefania_fokaeos/our-plan-to-fix-country-codes)

Highlight RIPE NCC managed values

```
organisation:  ORG-RIEN1-RIPE
org-name:      Research IP Europeans Network Coordination Centre (RIPE NCC)
country:       NL
org-type:      LIR
descr:         RIPE NCC Operations
address:       P.O. Box 10096
address:       1001 EB
address:       Amsterdam
address:       NETHERLANDS
phone:         +31205354444
fax-no:        +31205354445
e-mail:        ncc@ripe.net
admin-c:       MENN1-RIPE
admin-c:       MDIR-RIPE
abuse-c:       ops4-ripe
mnt-ref:       RIPE-NCC-HM-MNT
mnt-ref:       RIPE-NCC-MNT
mnt-by:        RIPE-NCC-HM-MNT
mnt-by:        RIPE-NCC-MNT
created:       2012-03-09T13:21:52Z
last-modified: 2020-12-16T12:41:50Z
source:        RIPE
```

Login to update 

# Seizure of “Right to Registration”



- We recently processed our first IPv4 transfer on the basis of a Dutch court order (that originated in Germany)
- Order was for the seizure of a member’s “right to registration of IP addresses” for the recovery of money
- It was understood that the resources were not owned by the member, but it was the **right to the registration** that was seized
- Terms of the auction included a requirement that RIPE Policies and RIPE NCC procedures must be followed by any prospective buyer
  - [https://labs.ripe.net/Members/ciaran\\_byrne/seizure-of-the-right-to-registration-of-ipv4-addresses](https://labs.ripe.net/Members/ciaran_byrne/seizure-of-the-right-to-registration-of-ipv4-addresses)

# EU Sanctions



- EU sanctions target countries in our service region
  - Several people on the sanctions list are involved with RIPE NCC members
- Three RIPE NCC members' accounts are currently “frozen”
  - They haven't lost their resources, but they cannot update the registration information or transfer their resources
- We are confident in our compliance and have improved our processes and monitoring
  - Updated “Due Diligence for the Quality of the RIPE NCC Registration Data”  
<https://www.ripe.net/publications/docs/ripe-748#31>
- Currently discussing a way forward with the Dutch government



# The Return of Geopolitics

Our Challenge Going  
Forward

# Our Service Region



# Sanctions and Regulatory Impact



- Pressure from sanctions as well as other regulatory changes across our service region are a matter of some concern
- Over the long term, this trend may start to interfere with our ability to provide services to all RIPE NCC members on an equal basis
- We are in the early stages of a project to identify long-term regulatory scenarios and plan for contingencies
- Status quo will **NOT** work over the long term

# Our Position



- The wider Internet governance system is essential to the stability of the global Internet and should not be undermined
- All RIPE NCC members should be able to access our services equally

# The Risks



- Our banks' need to comply with sanctions could impact our finances and billing going forward
- Imposing sanctions could interfere with Internet connectivity
  - Large groups or even whole countries could lose access to the Internet
- Our location (and jurisdiction) might come under scrutiny
  - Especially from countries outside the EU
- This risks the stability of the multistakeholder model
  - Increased pressure to implement an intergovernmental solution
- **At stake: the single, open and unfragmented network that we easily take for granted**

# What We Need



- A dialogue with the different stakeholders
  - To mitigate these risks and reduce unintended side effects resulting from policy decisions
- To separate core functions of the Internet from political debates
  - Naming, numbering and routing are fundamental to how it all works
  - This neutral core needs to remain so
- We all need to work together to preserve the single Internet
  - Appeals to our collective values of freedom, openness and security
  - This global platform drives innovation, enables communication, and is crucial to the economic and social fabric of our societies



# Questions



[hph@ripe.net](mailto:hph@ripe.net)

@hpholen

@ripencc