



**RIPE NCC**

RIPE NETWORK COORDINATION CENTRE

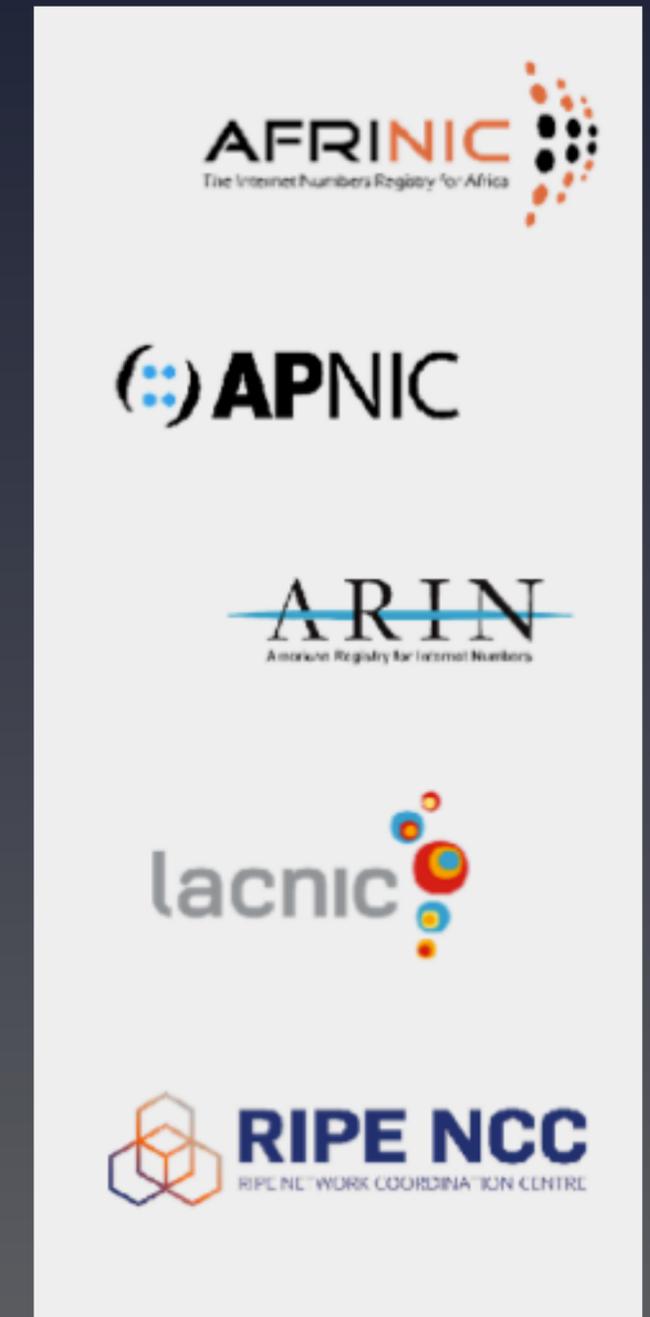
# RIPE NCC Update

Gergana Petrova | e-Age 20 | 15 December 2020

# Regional Internet Registries (RIR)



- Five RIRs globally
- Each is responsible for a distinct geographical region
- Primary role is to register IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and Autonomous System Numbers (ASNs) for use on Internet networks
- RIRs are governed by policies that have been developed (“bottom-up”) by their respective communities



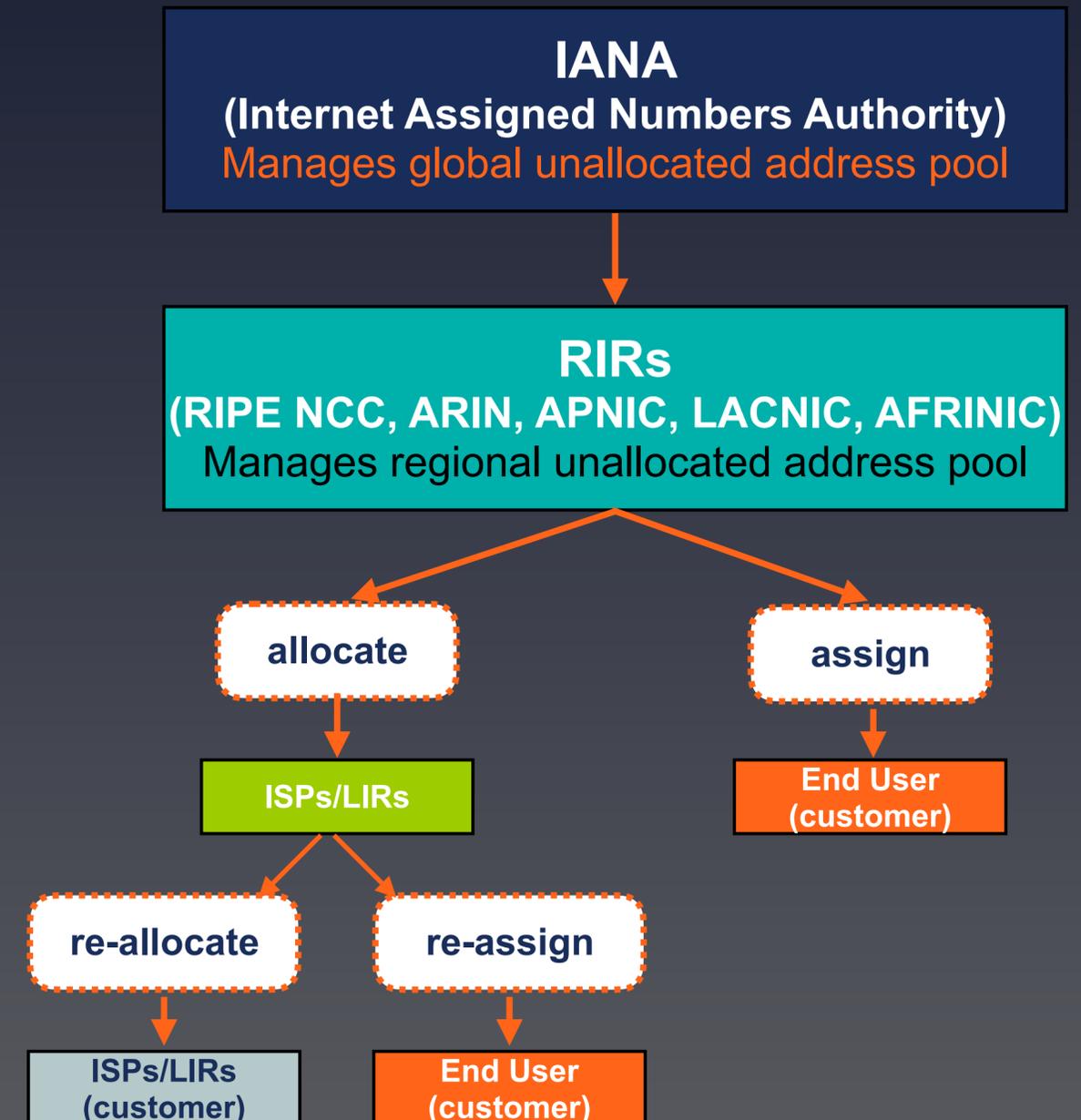
# Where are the RIRs?



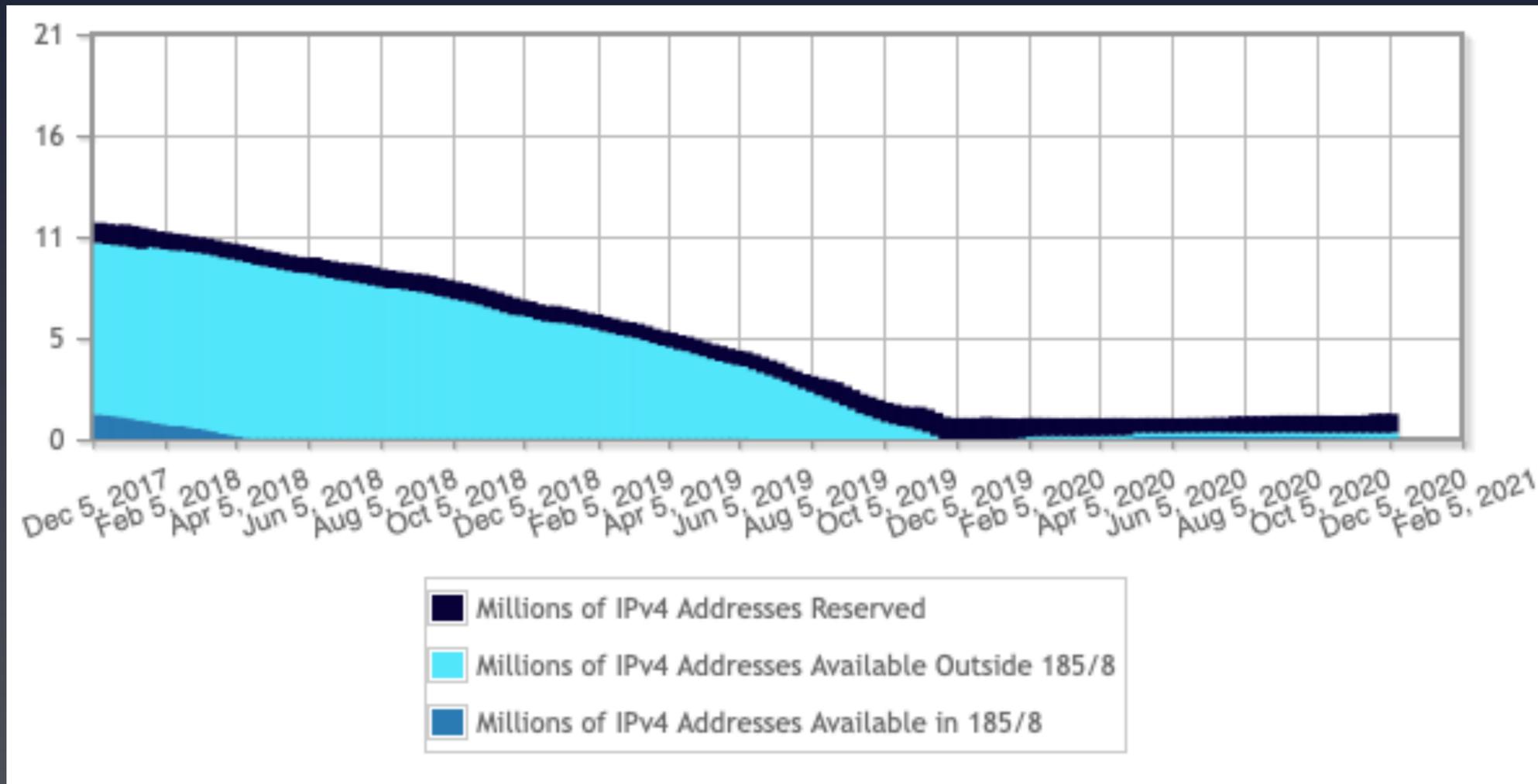
# Core RIR Functions



- Receive large IP address blocks from IANA
  - Distribute those in smaller blocks to its members
  - Publish and maintain a list of who has which block
  - Implement the rules (policies) set by the RIPE community
- Support the infrastructure of the Internet through technical coordination
- Provide services for the benefit of the Internet community at large



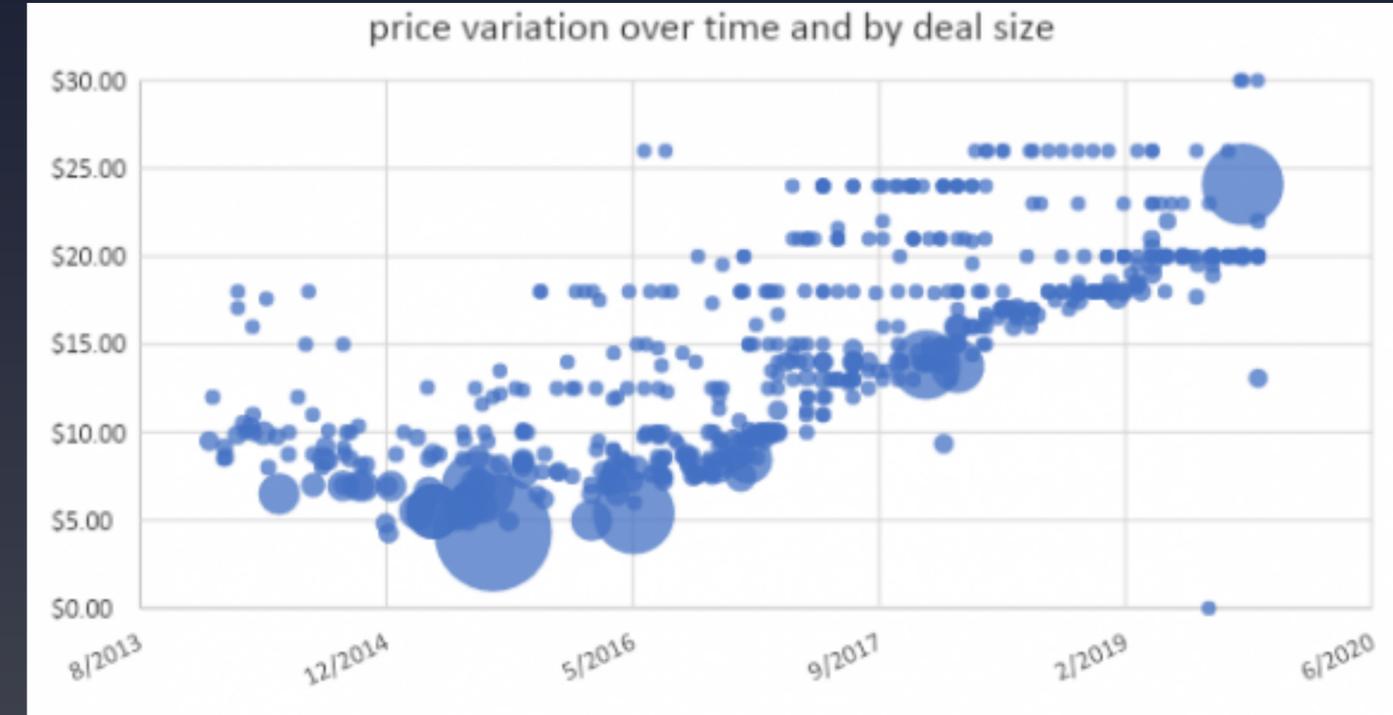
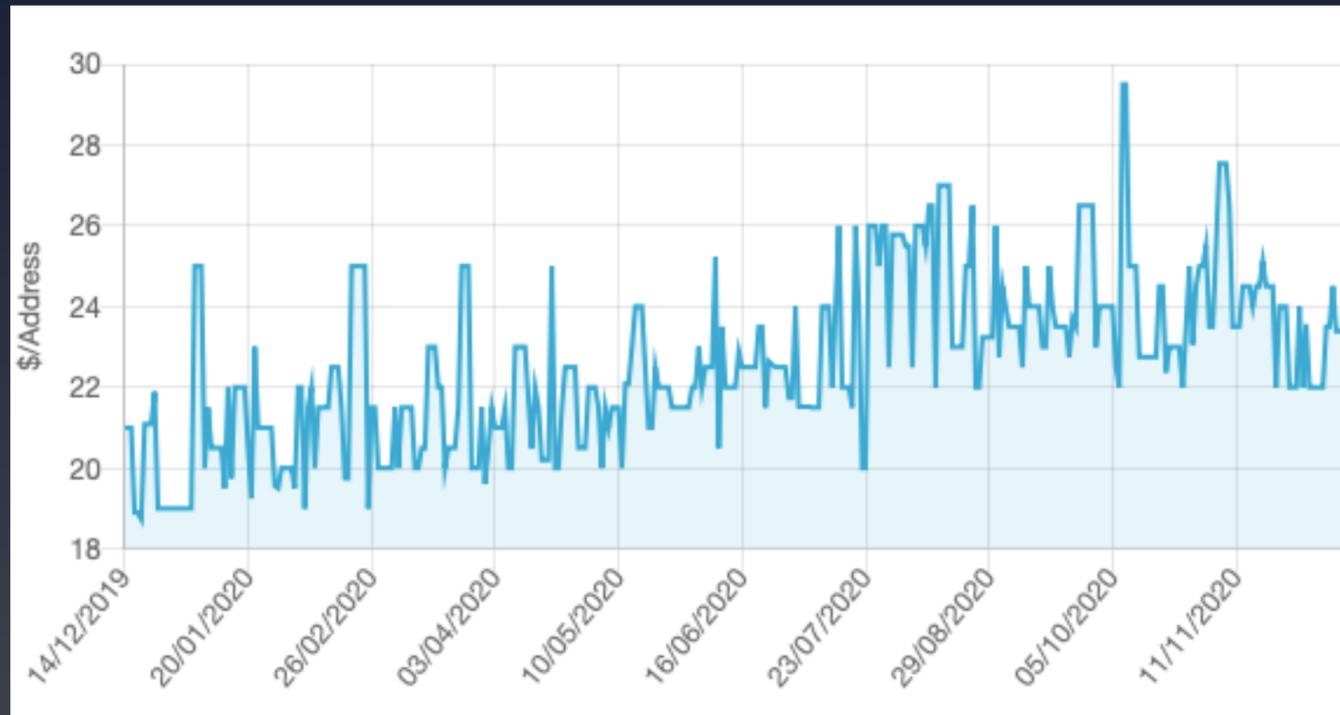
# RIPE NCC's IPv4 Address Pool



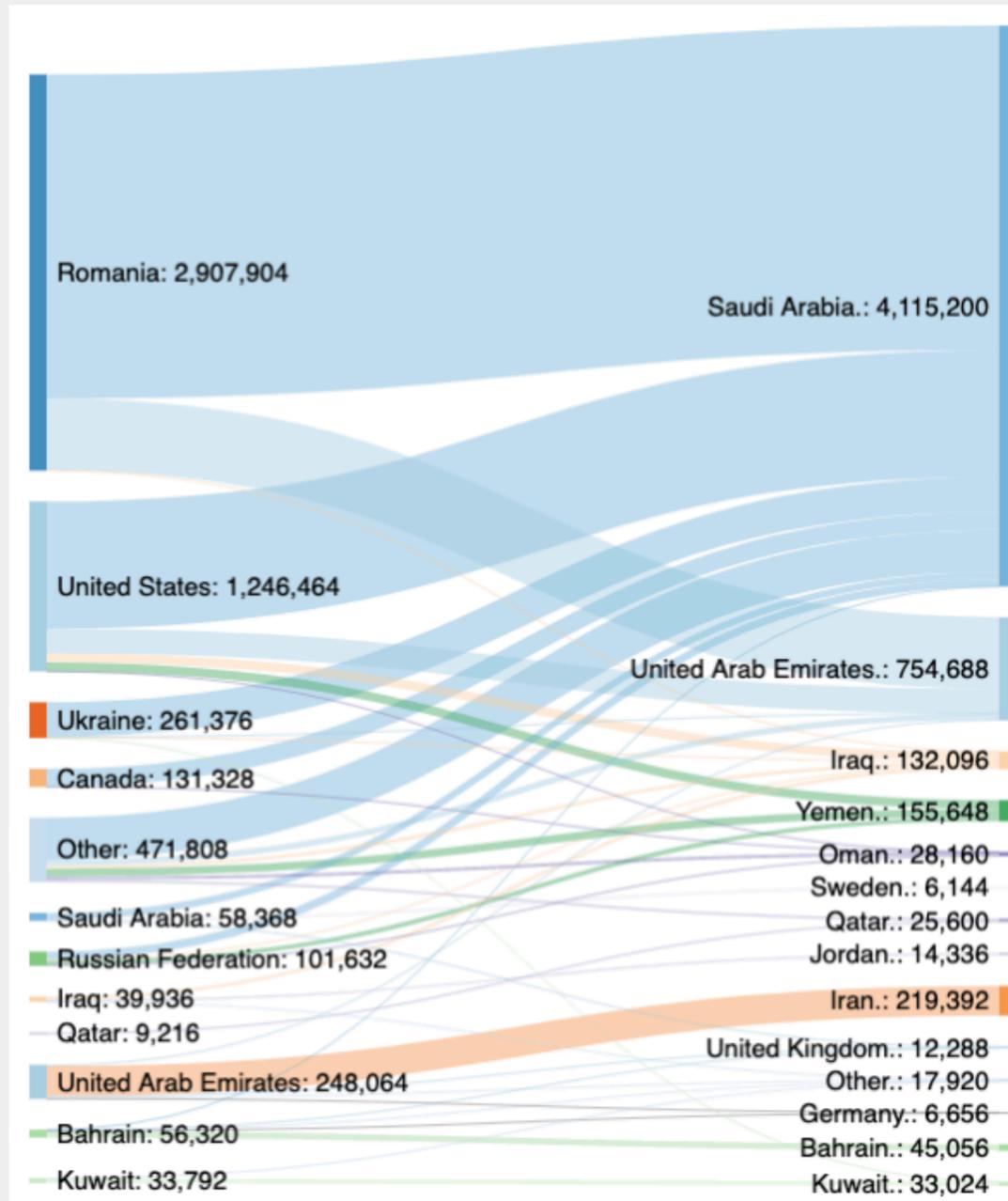
LIRs that have never received an IPv4 allocation from the RIPE NCC are eligible to receive a single /24 allocation

<https://www.ripe.net/manage-ips-and-asns/ipv4/ipv4-available-pool>

# IPv4 Transfer Market



- \$22-\$30 depending on the size of the block
- Increase of demand
- Big blocks are becoming scarce



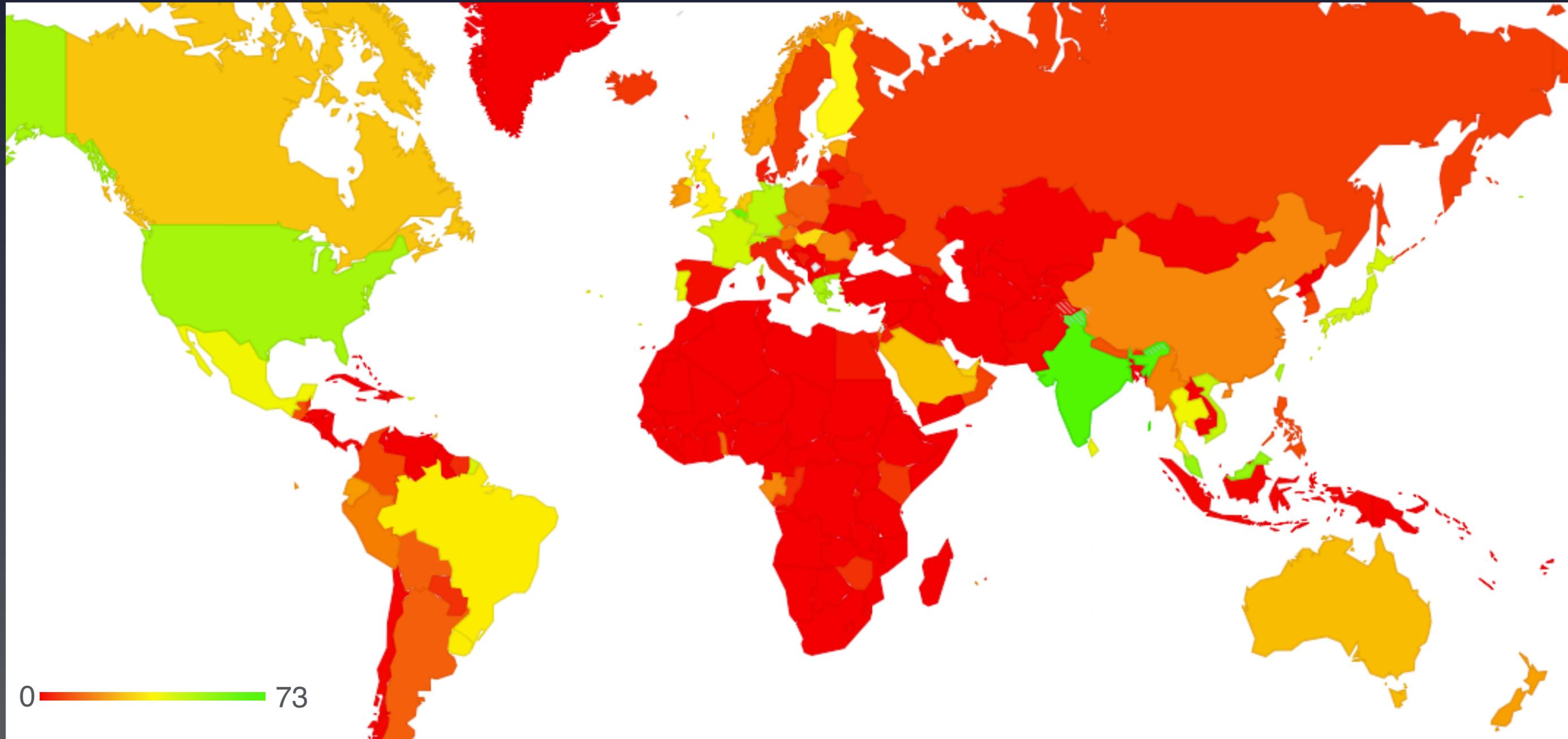
IPv4 transfers within, into and out of the Gulf region, January 2014 - November 2020

# Network Address Translation (NAT)



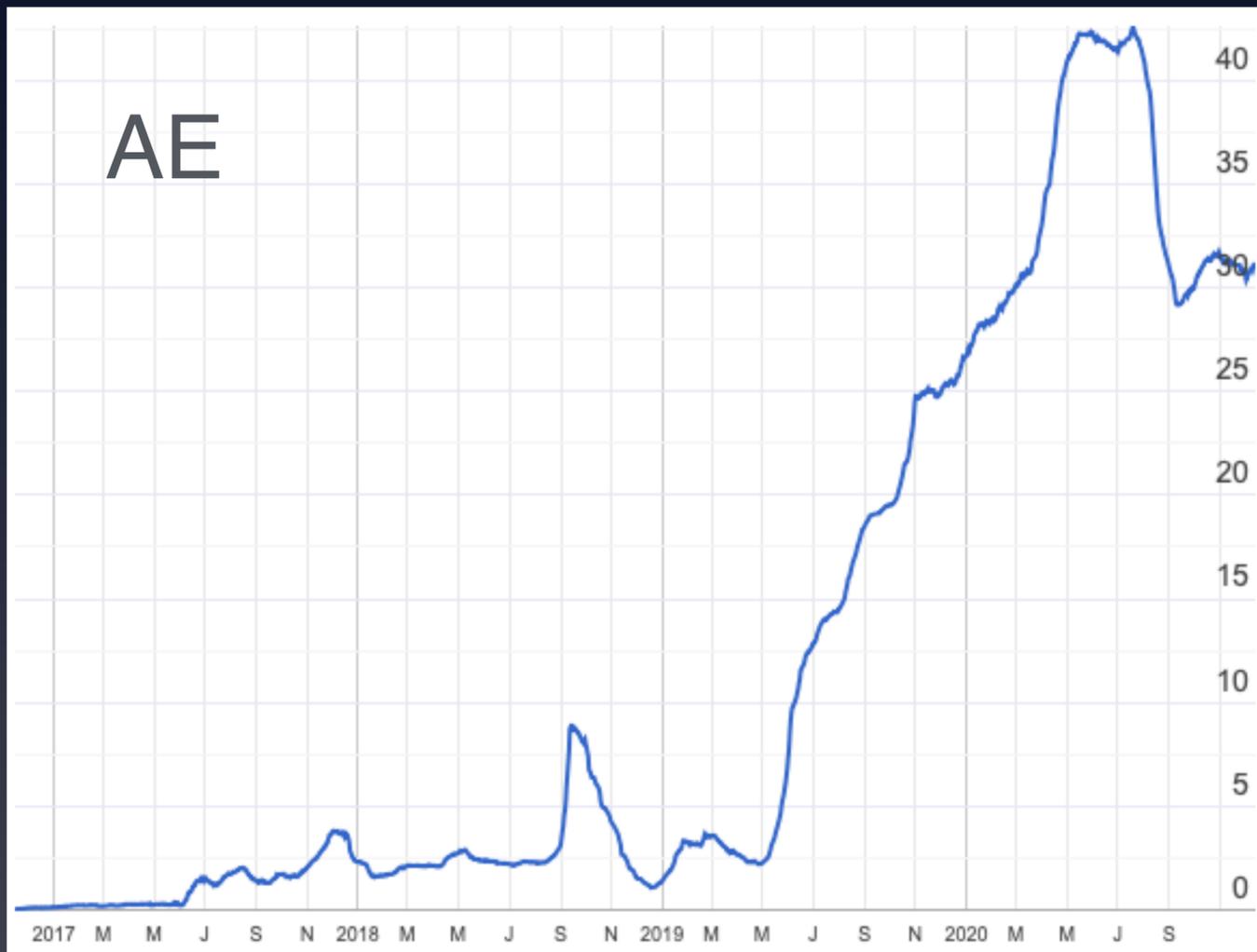
- Instead of one IPv4 address per customer
  - Share a single IPv4 address with multiple customers
  - Internal addresses only have to be unique locally
  - Common amongst mobile network operators
- However:
  - It breaks the “openness” of the Internet
  - Inhibitor to “permissionless innovation”
  - NATs are expensive to scale
  - Difficult for law enforcement to identify people behind IPs

# IPv6

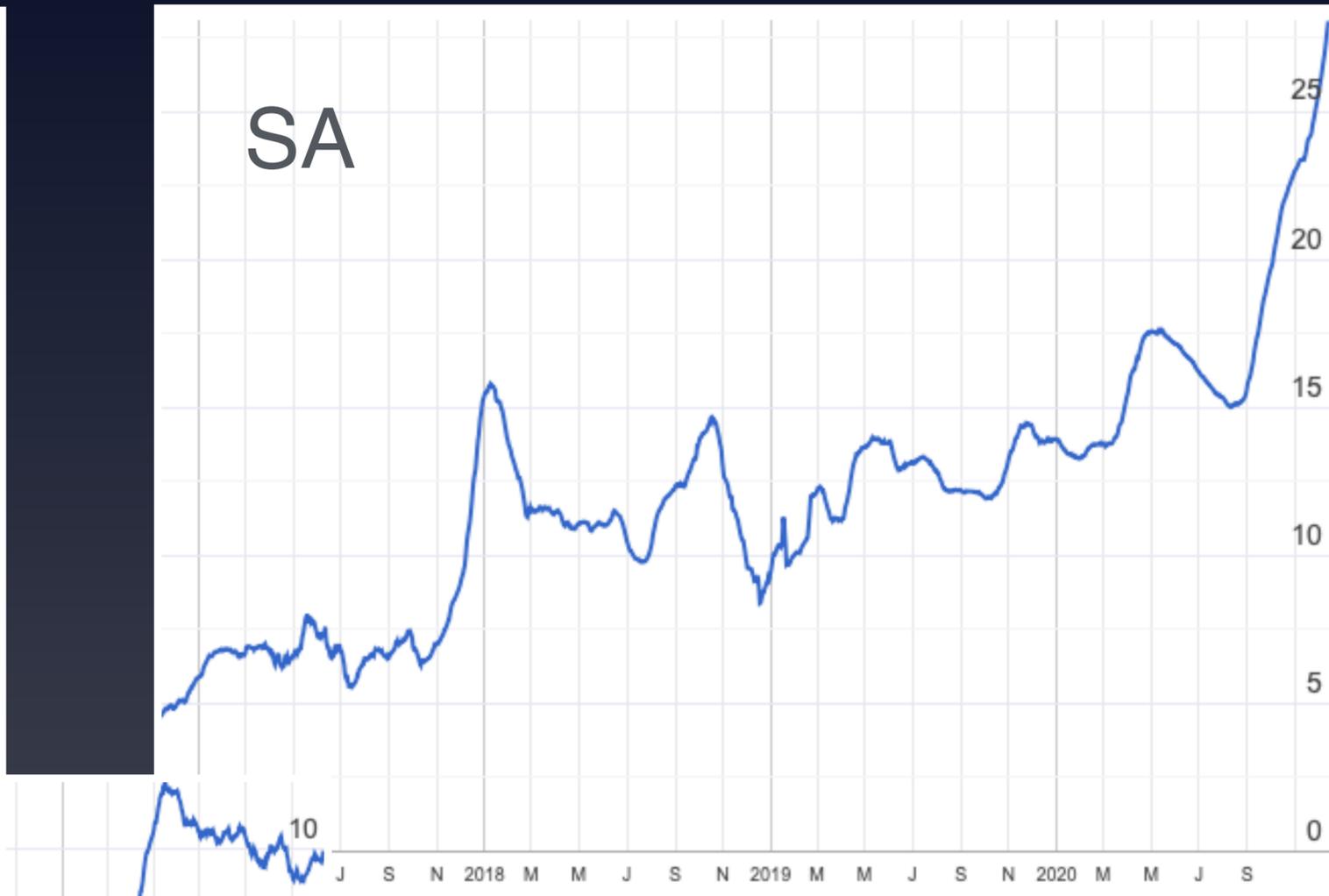




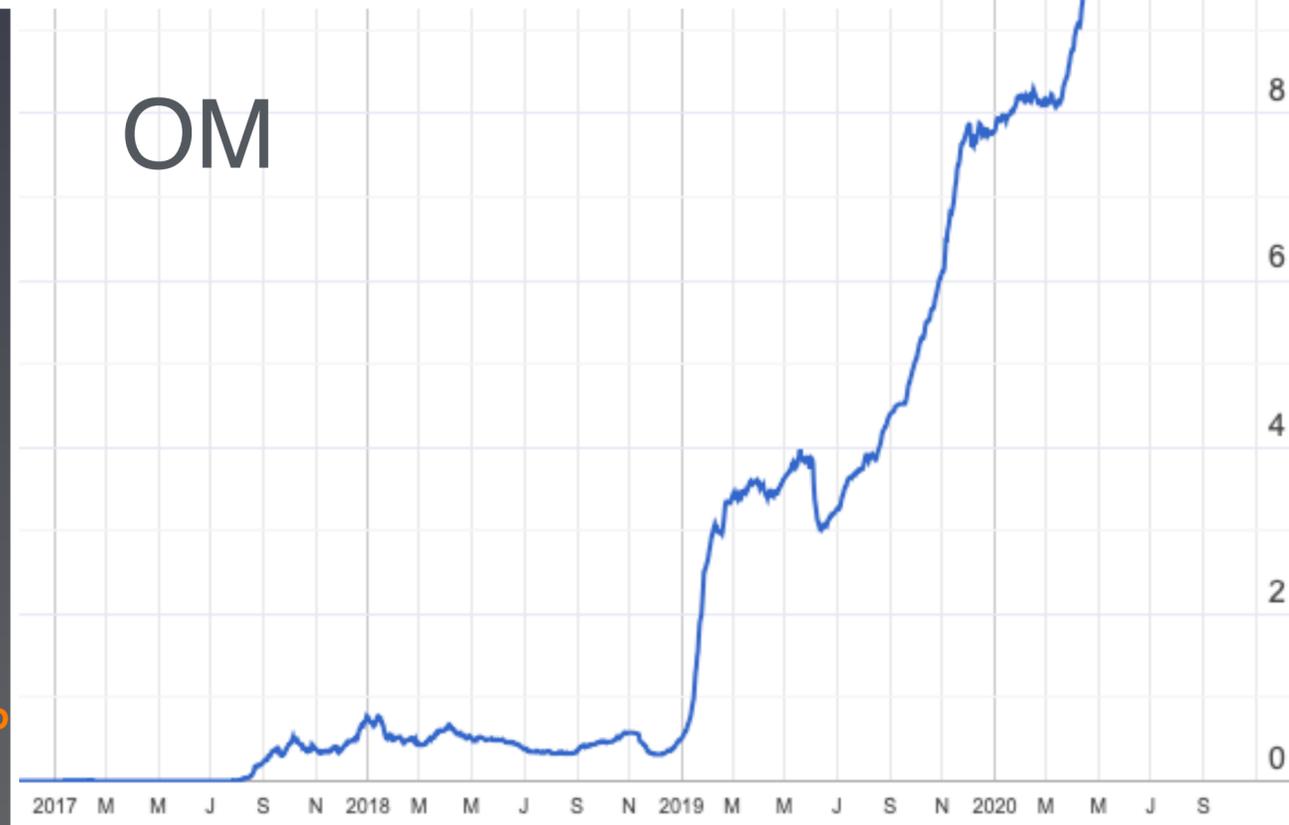
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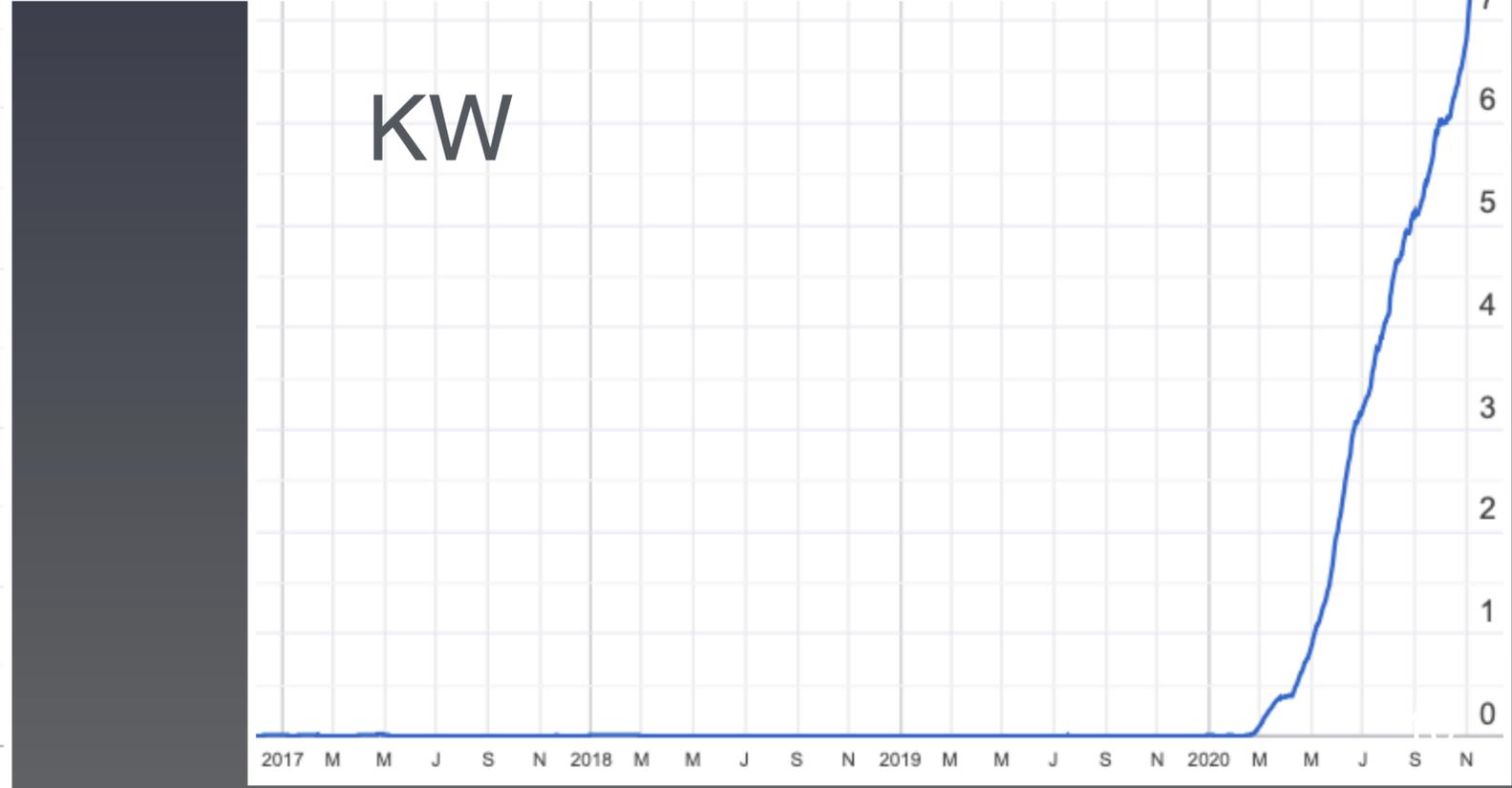
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# Routing Security

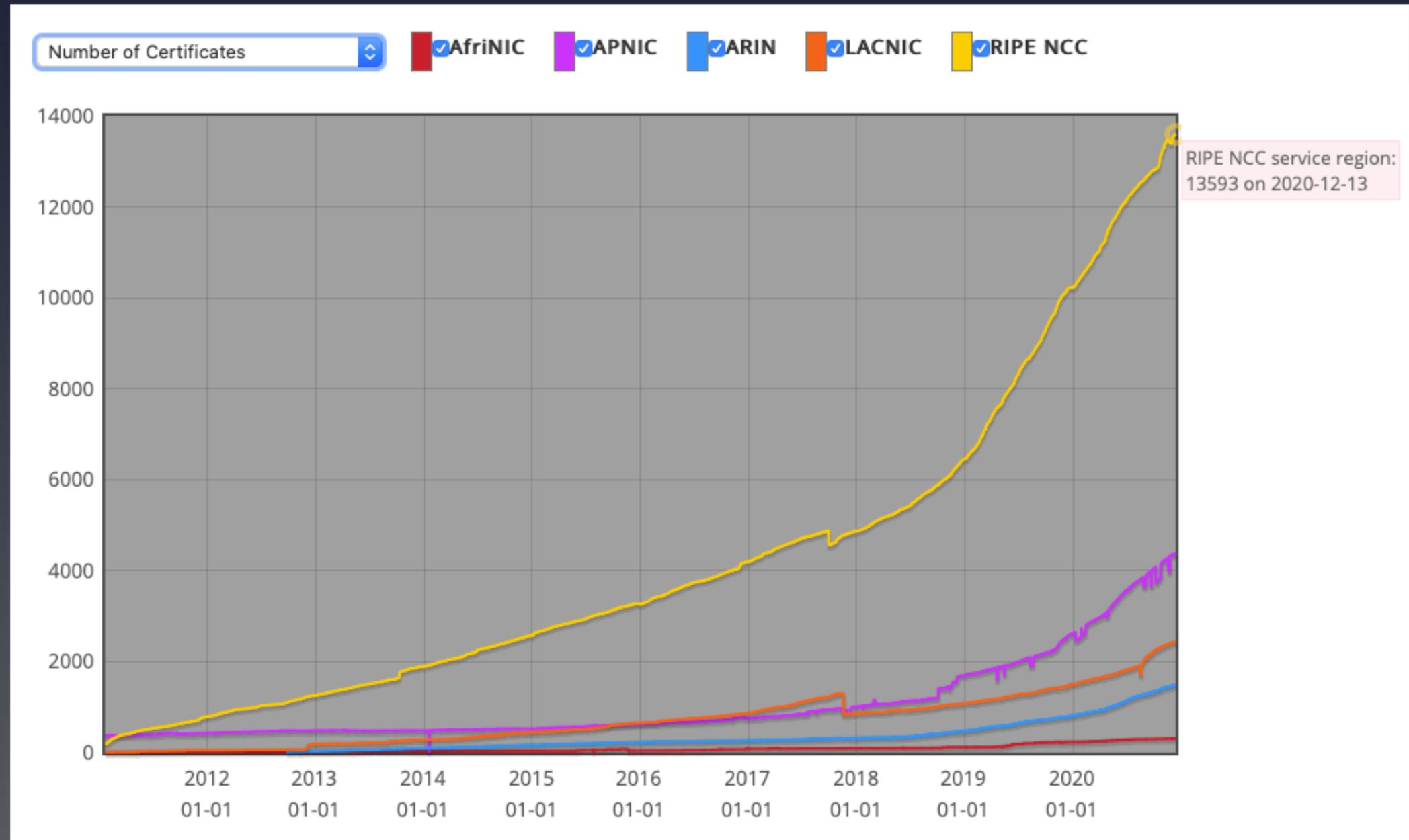


- Resource Public Key Infrastructure (RPKI)
- RPKI is a security framework that helps network operators make more informed and secure routing decisions
- Ties IP addresses and ASNs to public keys of their rightful holders
- Authorised statements from resource holders
  - “ASN X is authorised to announce my Prefix Y”
  - Signed, holder of Y

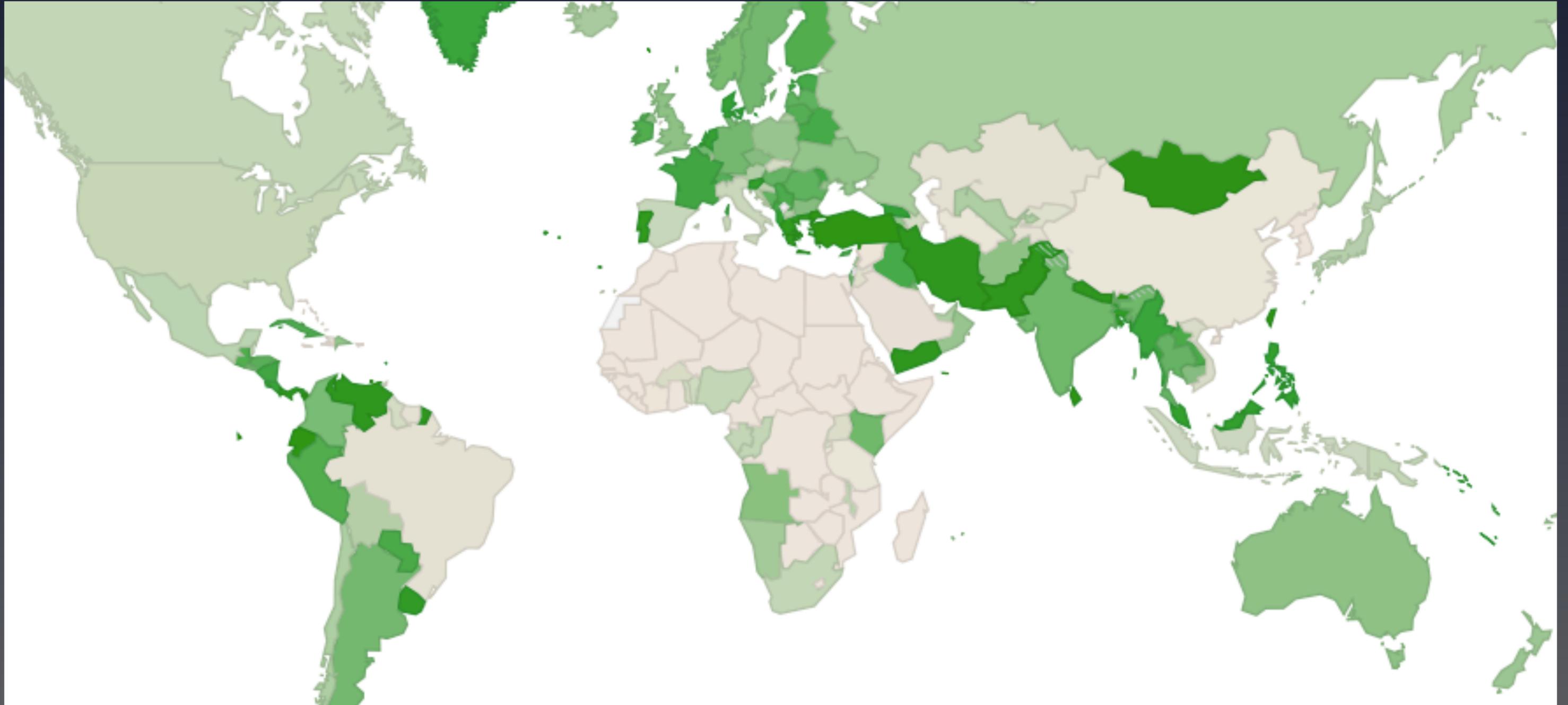
# RPKI Adoption



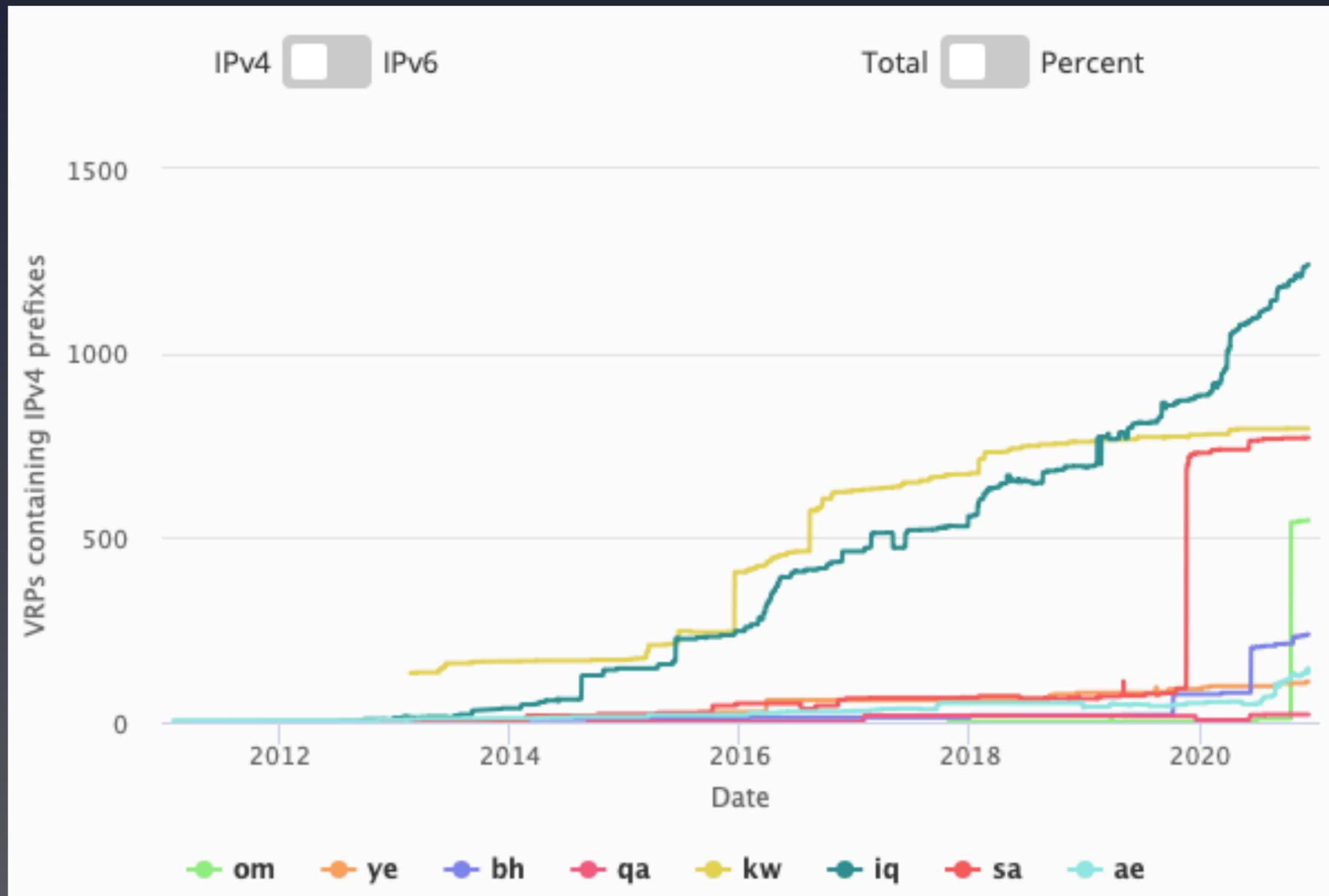
- Only resource holders with a properly delegated 'right of use' can generate a digital signature that associates Internet number resources with their signing
- Resource users can protect information related to their delegated resources with a digital signature
- Any attempt to alter this information results in the signature being invalidated



# RPKI



# RPKI by country

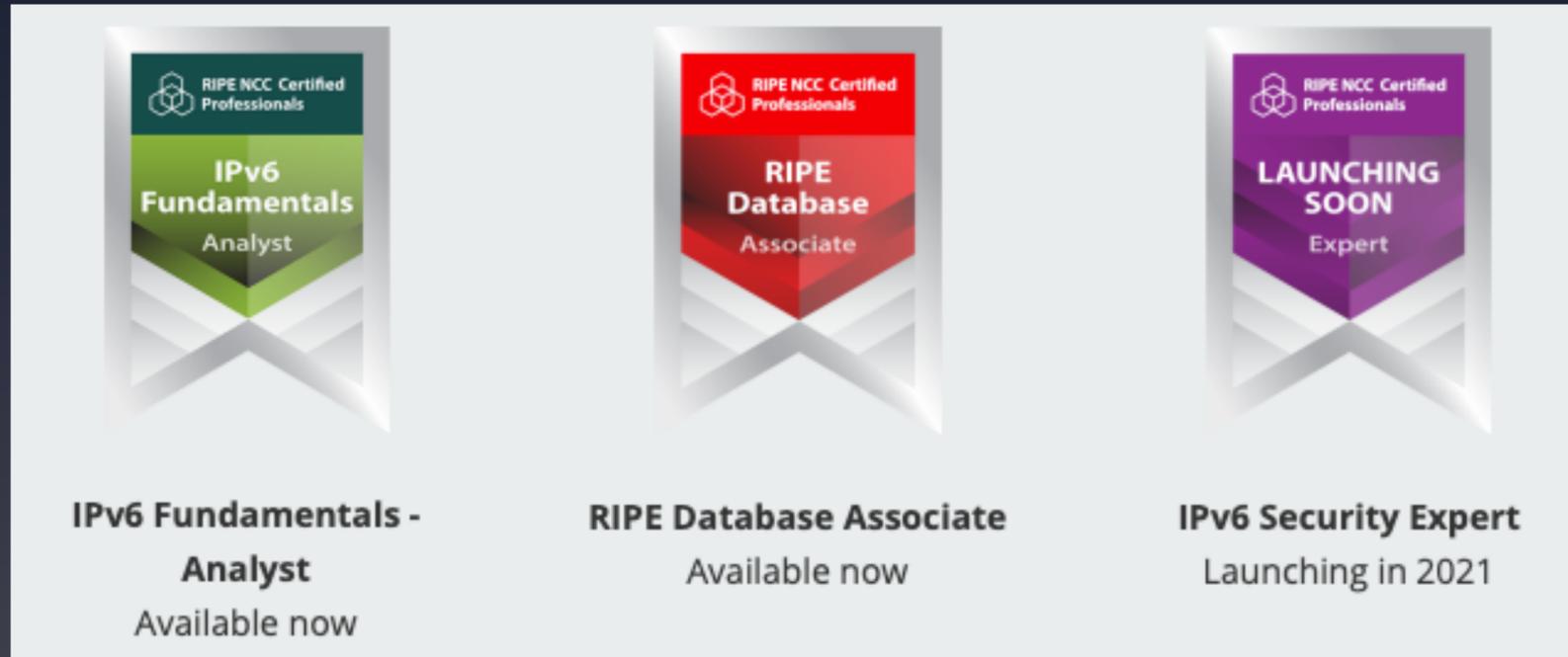


# Online Learning



- The RIPE Academy
  - Local Internet Registry, RIPE Database, IPv6
  - Enrol and get a certificate (it's free!)
  - [academy.ripe.net](https://academy.ripe.net)
- Webinars
  - RIPE Database, IPv6 addressing, RIPE Atlas, Internet Governance
  - You can also watch recordings of past webinars
  - [ripe.net/support/training/learn-online/webinars](https://ripe.net/support/training/learn-online/webinars)

# RIPE NCC Certified Professionals



- Free vouchers available until March 2021
- Write to [exams@ripe.net](mailto:exams@ripe.net)
- [ripe.net/certified-professionals](https://ripe.net/certified-professionals)

# RIPE NCC Country Report: Gulf



- Technical overview of the Internet landscape in a country/region
- Insights based on RIPE NCC data
- For technical communities and decision makers
- [labs.ripe.net/country-reports/ripe-ncc-internet-country-report-gulf-region](https://labs.ripe.net/country-reports/ripe-ncc-internet-country-report-gulf-region)



Major traffic exchange points in the Gulf region along with round-trip times



# Questions



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