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In partnership with aql

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348 Million identities exposed (out of 7.5Bn)

594 Million affected by cyber crime

1 in 3 don't have a password on their phone







Symantec Kaspersky Trend Micro IOCTA







Symantec & Kaspersky



- Subversion and sabotage
- Ransomware escalating
- New frontiers: IoT and cloud
- Resurgence of email as attack channel
- Phishing increase
- Android banking malware





- Ransomware deeper, and wider non-desktop targets.
- Business Email Compromise attacks
- More Adobe and Apple vulnerabilities
- Smart devices denial-of-service Attacks and Internet of Things
- The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) implementation looms nearer







- Encrypting ransomware
- Malware on mobile devices
- Darknet forums
- CEO fraud
- Contactless cards
- DDoS attacks
- Data remains a key commodity for cybercriminals





Some examples of everything...























Vulnerabilities



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Thing/RFID



WiFi/Bluetooth



Cloud















Problem

Is in the

Chair

Not

In the

Computer









Increase in broadband and wireless networks

Proliferation of IP devices

Emergence of potentially disruptive technologies











Centralization and widespread cloud computing Blurring
work/personal
'Bring Your
Own' approach
to enterprise IT







Using Social Media for grooming the unsuspecting

Befriend Engage Confidence Request Deliver Disappear



















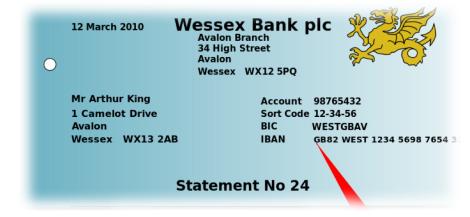






UPDATE













10 Steps to **Cyber Security**

Defining and communicating your Board's Information Risk Regime is central to your organisation's overall cyber security strategy. The National Cyber Security Centre recommends you review this regime - together with the nine associated security areas described below, in order to protect your business against the majority of cyber attacks.



Network Security

Protect your networks from attack. Defend the network perimeter, filter out unauthorised access and malicious content. Monitor and test security controls.



User education and awareness

Produce user security policies covering acceptable and secure use of your systems. Include in staff training. Maintain awareness of cyber risks.



Malware prevention

Produce relevant policies and establish anti-malware defences across your organisation.



Removable media controls

Produce a policy to control all access to removable media. Limit media types and use. Scan all media for malware before importing onto the corporate system.



Secure configuration

Apply security patches and ensure the secure configuration of all systems is maintained. Create a system inventory and define a baseline build for all devices.



Managing user privileges

Establish effective management processes and limit the number of privileged accounts. Limit user privileges and monitor user activity. Control access to activity and audit logs.

Incident management



Establish an incident response and disaster recovery capability. Test your incident management plans. Provide specialist training. Report criminal incidents to law enforcement.

Monitoring



Establish a monitoring strategy and produce supporting policies.

Continuously monitor all systems and networks. Analyse logs for unusual activity that could indicate an attack.

Home and mobile working



Develop a mobile working policy and train staff to adhere to it. Apply the secure baseline and build to all devices. Protect data both in transit and at rest.











Organisation identifies the systems it believes are at risk from common Internet-based threats.

CYBER ESSENTIALS PLUS

ESSENTIALS PLUS

CYBER

STAGE 1

STAGE 2

Growing maturity

Organisation self assesses
the systems identified
meet the requirements of
Cyber Essentials. The
assessment is
independently verified

Organisation has been independently tested to verify that the systems identified meet the requirements of Cyber Essentials.

Cyber Essentials becomes an integral part of the organisation's approach to information risk management in accordance with the 10 Steps to Cyber Security







- Organisations of any type, size or nature
- Information Security Management System
- Leadership
- Planning identify & analyse
- Support competent resources
- Operation assessing and treating information risks
- Performance evaluation monitor, measure, analyze
- Improvement address audits and reviews





General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)



- All data
- May 2018
- Will be part of your working lives
- Brexit won't change it
- 4% fine
- Data is the new oil







Cyber-security Information Sharing Partnership





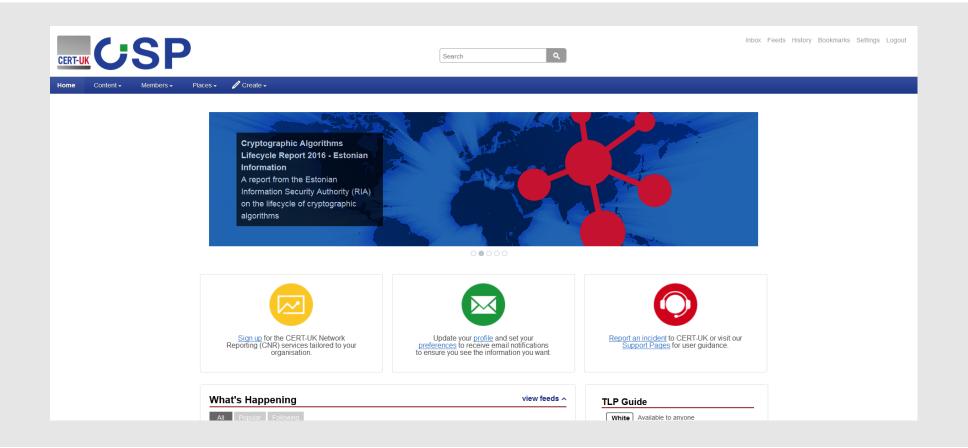


CSP

















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